

Curriculum Design







Look up

Look out

Look beyond

Curriculum Delivery







Ignite

Introduction of the Context for Learning

A question is used to spark interest.

Pre-planning.

Describe, list, outline, find, label, draw, match.

Pre-planning questions are used to shape how learning takes place, drawing objectives from the national curriculum and key skills from our skills progression documents. Explore

Exploration of the Context for learning

Sequence, classify, compare and contrast, explain (cause and effect), analyse, organise, distinguish, question, relate, apply, link prior learning.

The planned sequence of learning is followed to provide the children with the knowledge and skills required. Additions may be made in response to events, further questions, assessments or responding to the interests of the children.

Reflect

Reflection on the Context for Learning

Generalise, predict, evaluate, reflect, hypothesise, theorise, create, prove, justify, argue, compose, design, construct, perform. The children are able to communicate their learning to others via a variety of means.

Year 1

	Location Knowledge	Places Knowledge		Human and Physical Geography		Geographical Skills and Fieldwork
	Can I talk about people and places beyond my local environment? Can I recognise similarities and differences in my immediate environment? Can I talk about where I live?	Can I understand geographical similarities and difference through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom (Christleton) and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country?		Can I identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom? Can I use resources that are given to me, and my own observations, to ask and respond to questions about places and environments?		Can I use simple fieldwork (aerial and plan perspectives) and observational skills to study the geography of my school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment? Can I use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features? Can I talk about and find my way around school showing an awareness of where things belong and the people within the school?
Vocabulary						
Мар						
Seasons, spring, summer, autumn, winter, weather e.g. rain, snow sun and weather patterns.						

Hot, cold,

key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop

Year	2
	_

Location Knowledge	Places Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork
Can I name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans?	four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom	Can I use basic vocabulary to refer to human and physical geography?	 Can I use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple
 Can I use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries? 	and its surrounding seas?	and its surrounding seas?	 map and use and construct basic symbols in a key? Can I use simple compass directions (North, South, East
Can I locate the hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles?			and West) and locational and direction language (e.g. near, far; left right) to describe the location of features and routes on a map?
			 Can I use the four points of a compass to build my knowledge of the United Kingdom and where Christleton is in relation to the rest of the U.K e.g. North of London, south of Edinburgh?

England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland, atlas, map, globe. London, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Belfast North Sea, English Channel, Irish Sea, Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe, Oceania.

Atlantic, Pacific, Southern, Indian, Arctic ocean.

Christleton, Chester, England, U.K. Sri Lanka, Kandy, rainforest

key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather

key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop

physical features, human features, landmark, map, symbol, key (legend)North, South, East, West, near, far, left, right, route

Year 3

Location Knowledge	Places Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork		
 Can I name and locate Cheshire and Chester on a map of the U.K.? Can I identifying geographical regions of the U.K and their human and physical characteristics? Can I identify key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time? 		 Can I identify and describe the human and physical geography of the U.K including rivers, mountains, climate and coasts? Can I identify the importance of water to settlements? Can I describe the settlements and land use of the key places that I study? 	 Can I use eight points of a compass to build knowledge of the U.K.? Can I use OS maps atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate counties, countries and describe features studied? Can I use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies? 		
Vocabulary					
Chester, Cheshire, Staffordshire, Derbyshire, Clwyd, Shropshire, Greater Manchester, Merseyside, Derbyshire Topographical, land use Can I identify and describe the human and physical geography of the U.K including rivers, mountains, climate and coasts? Can I identify the importance of water to settlements? Can I describe the settlements and land use of the key places that I study? Countries of Europe, fieldwork, grid reference, aerial photograph, atlas, sketch maps, digital mapping					

Year 4

Location Knowledge	Places Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	G	eographical Skills and Fieldwork
Can I use maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia), concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human features and capital cities of Europe?	 Can I compare the Northwest of England with the Naples Bay area of Italy? 	Can I (focusing on Europe), identify types of settlements, land use, trade links, natural resources, including energy food, minerals and water?		Can I use eight points of a compass to build knowledge of the U.K. and Europe? Can I use four figure grid references, symbols and keys to build my knowledge of the U.K. and Europe?
Can I name and locate Roman cities and counties of the Northwest of England and identify how settlements changed during Roman		Can I identify physical geography of Europe including rivers, mountains, volcanoes, earthquakes and the water cycle?		Can I use maps atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied?
times? Can I identify the position and significance of oceans, the Equator, Northern and Southern Hemisphere, Arctic and Antarctic Circles?				Can I use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies?

Vocabulary

Countries and capital cities of Europe (including Russia)Counties and cities of Roman Britain

Key physical and human geographical language including but not limited to: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather

key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop

Types of settlement, land use, trade, economic activity, energy, minerals, mountains, topographical, earthquake, volcano, environment

8 points of compass, globe, atlas, maps, digital mapping, key, symbol, 4 figure grid reference, aerial photograph, atlas, sketch maps.

Year	5
------	---

Location Knowle	lge Places Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork
 Can I identify the positivity significance of latitude longitude, Equator No and Southern Hemisple Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Acircle, the Prime/Gree Meridian and time zor (including day and nig Can I locate the world countries, using maps on North America and America, concentrating environmental regions physical and human characteristics, countries and cities of (linked to Anglo Saxe Viking place names)? 	andgeographical similarities and differences through the stud of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom (Northwest including the Lake District) and a region within North 	 physical geography of places studied, including climate 	 Can I use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied? Can I use six figure grid reference, symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world? Can I use different types of fieldwork sampling (random and systematic to observe, measure and record human and physical features in the local area and record the results in a range of ways?

Vocabulary

Longitude, latitude, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, Tropic of Capricorn, Tropic of Cancer, Prime Meridian, Anti-Meridian, time zone North America, land use, trade, settlement, economic activity, energy, minerals, mountains, topographical, earthquake, volcano, environment Vegetation belts, biome, aquatic, grassland, forest, desert, tundra, climate zones, polar, subarctic, continental, temperate, subtropical, Mediterranean, arid, equatorial, tropical.

physical processes, human processes, significance, characteristics, distribution, region.

8 points of compass, globe, atlas, maps, digital mapping, key, symbol, grid reference, aerial photograph, atlas, sketch maps.

Year 6

Location Knowledge	Places Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork			
 Can I name and locate the counties and cities of the U.K.? (revisit) Can I name and locate European countries and capital cities? (revisit) Can I locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on South America, concentrating on its environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities? Can I identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator Northern and Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)? 	 Revisit Cities and counties of U.K. Revisit European countries and capital cities Can I understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom and a region within South America? 	 Can I describe and understand the key aspects of physical geography of places studied, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes and the water cycle? Can I describe and understand the key aspects of human geography of the places studied including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water? Can I describe how locations around the world are changing and explain some of the reasons for change? 	 Can I create maps of locations identifying patterns (such as land use, climate zones, populations densities, height of land)? Can I use maps to compare changes over time and link to climate change? Can I use different types of fieldwork sampling (random and systematic to observe, measure and record human and physical features in the local area and record the results in a range of ways? 			
Vocabulary						

Counties and cities of U.K.European countries and their capitalsSouth America, land use, trade, settlement, economic activity, energy, minerals, mountains, topographical, earthquake, volcano, environment

Longitude, latitude, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, Tropic of Capricorn, Tropic of Cancer, Prime Meridian, Anti-Meridian, time zone

Vegetation belts, biome, aquatic, grassland, forest, desert, tundra, climate zones, polar, subarctic, continental, temperate, subtropical, Mediterranean, arid, equatorial, tropical, physical processes, human processes, significance, characteristics, distribution, region.

8 points of compass, globe, atlas, maps, digital mapping, key, symbol, grid reference, aerial photograph, atlas, sketch maps.