

Curriculum Design



Look up



Look out



Look beyond



Curriculum Delivery



Ignite

Introduction of the Context for Learning

A question is used to spark interest.

Pre-planning.

Describe, list, outline, find, label, draw, match.

Pre-planning questions are used to shape how learning takes place, drawing objectives from the national curriculum and key skills from our skills progression documents.



Explore

Exploration of the Context for learning

Sequence, classify, compare and contrast, explain (cause and effect), analyse, organise, distinguish, question, relate, apply, link prior learning.

The planned sequence of learning is followed to provide the children with the knowledge and skills required. Additions may be made in response to events, further questions, assessments or responding to the interests of the children.



Reflect

Reflection on the Context for Learning

Generalise, predict, evaluate, reflect, hypothesise, theorise, create, prove, justify, argue, compose, design, construct, perform.

The children are able to communicate their learning to others via a variety of means.



	Autur	nn Term		Spring		Summer	
Year	First	Second	First	Second	First	Second	
Three	Hidde	n Depths	А	Wave of Change	Vo	yage of Discovery	
Enquiry Concepts	Resilience, Care, Weakness	Sacrifice, Friendship, Power, Fairness	Community, Friendship, Belonging	Sustainability, Consequences, Truth	Fear, Strength, Freedom	Consent, Free Will, Freedom, Love	
Enquiry Question	Should all people be treated the same?	What is friendship?	Were people in the past less intelligent than we are now?	Can one person change the world?	Should we always help other people?	Can animals think and feel, and should they be kept in captivity?	
Main Texts used	Counting on Katherine	Winter's Child	Stone age boy	Big Blue Whale	Journey	Zeraffa Giraffa	
Science		cluding humans Rocks	Rocks	Forces and Magnets	Plants	Light	
History	Look at the past a How did people	om Stone Age to Iron Age s different time periods live in the Stone Age	Life in the E	es in Britain from Stone Age to Iron Age Archaeology Bronze Age and changes up to the Iron Age ments of four of the earliest civilisations		t civilisations and in depth study of Ancient Egyptian achievements the earliest civilisations and common themes e.g. early writing	
Geography	A study of the physical features	ns of the U.K. of the U.K – rocks, mountains and hills of geology in the U.K	Study of I	Look at ordinance survey maps land uses in the U.K and changes over time		portance of rivers to settlements tlements on rivers in the U.K	
Computing	Begin to write algorithms using flowch	arts and create a computer game in scratch	Understand ho	w Wikis and blogs work and contribute to them	Combine tex	and images in eBooks and create animations	
D&T	Cooking – making a nutritious sandwich			Research and evaluate bridges, test materials and evaluate		Create a bookmark using running stitch and cross stitch Textiles (sewing and patchwork)	
Art	Hokusai – the great wave off Kanagawa Painting, colour mixing		Stone age art Early Cave paintings	Henri Matisse 'cut outs'		Roy Lichtenstein Andy Warhol Pop Art Animals	
PE	Invasion Games; Hockey Gymnastics	Invasion Games; Hockey Swimming	Multi-skills - Gym Swimming	Dance OAA- team building	Striking and Fielding games; Rounde and kick rounders Athletics	Net and wall games Athletics	
RE	Hinduism How do Hindus view God and how is Diwali celebrated?	Christianity Christmas symbolism	Christianity How do Christians use the Bible to help them with their lives?	Christianity What do I think about Jesus and how is he portrayed in art from around the world?	Christianity What is my point of view about God and why do people have faith?	Islam How do Muslims worship?	
Music	Term 1 – Title: Let Your Spirit Fly Unit Theme: Rhythm & Blues and other styles	Term 2 – Title: Glockenspiel stage 1 Unit Theme: Exploring and playing	Term 1 – Three Little Birds Reggae	Term 2 – The Dragon Song Funky music from around the world	Term 5 – Title: Bringing Us Togethe Unit Theme: Disco, friendship, hope and unity	Term 6 — Title: Reflect, Rewind and Replay Theme: The history of music, look back and consolidate your learning, learn some of the language of music	
MFL	Greetings, how are you?	Numbers 0-12	Ages My f	amily Pets	Colours	Months	
SRE	Differences:	Male and Female		Personal Space		Family Differences	
PSHE – Heartsmart	Don't forget to let love in!	Too much selfie isn't healthy!	Don't hold on to what's wrong!	Fake is a mistake!		No way through isn't true!	
Kagan Strategies		R		nd embed all previously taught strategies -Quiz-Trade, Timed Pair Share, Talking Chips and Simultaneous Rour To introduce and master Write Round Robin and Jigsaw	d Table		
Learning Power	Managing Distractions (Resilience Muscle)	Empathy and Listening (Reciprocal Muscle)	Imagining (Resourceful Muscle)	Meta-Learning (Reflective Muscle)	Perseverance (Resilience Muscle)	Reasoning (Resourceful Muscle)	
No Outsiders	Oliver	This is our house	Two Monsters	The Hueys in the new jumper	Beegu		
British Values	Rule of Law	Mutual Respect		Democracy	Individual liberty	Tolerance of those of different faiths and beliefs	
Residential					Class Sleepover		
Trips / visitors	Trip to Ellesmere Port Boat Museum		Stone Age to Iron Age theme day		Trip to Liverpool Museum		
Whole school events	International day of democracy National Poetry Day Harvest Festival	Bonfire night (Fire safety) Anti-Bullying Week Remembrance Day Christmas Jumper Day Christmas Performances / Service	National Handwriting Day Big Garden Birdwatch Story Telling Week Safer Internet Day	Shrove Tuesday World Book Day Mother's Day Good Friday Easter Service	Health week Walk to School Week Outdoor Classroom Day	Pride Month	



Fuente	McMillan Coffee morning	Children in Need	Montal Wall boing wook	Race for Life	
Events			ivientai weli-bellig week	Den Day	

English

Reading
Vord reading
 apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet
read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.
<u>omprehension</u>
• Develop positive attitudes to reading, and an understanding of what they read, by:
□ listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks
 reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
 using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read
□ increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally
□ identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books
 preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination
□ recognising some different forms of poetry
• Understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by:
 checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context
 asking questions to improve their understanding of a text
 drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
 predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
□ identifying main ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph and summarising these
 identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning
• Retrieve and record information from non-fiction
• Participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to
what others say



Composition Plan their writing by:
Plan their writing by: discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar discussing and recording ideas Draft and write by: composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (See English Appendix 2) organising paragraphs around a theme in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices Evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences Proofread for spelling and punctuation errors Read their own writing aloud, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the
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<u>Transcription</u>
Pupils should be taught to:
use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them (English Appendix 1)
□ spell further homophones
□ spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1)
place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals [for example, girls', boys'] and in words with irregular plurals [for example, children's]
use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary
 write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far.



		Common Exc	eption Words		
accident	century	experiment	interest	particular	remember
accidentally	certain	extreme	island	peculiar	sentence
actual	circle	famous	knowledge	perhaps	separate
actually	complete	favourite	learn	popular	special
address	consider	February	length	position	straight
answer	continue	forward(s)	library	possess	strange
appear	decide	fruit	material	possession	strength
arrive	describe	grammar	medicine	possible	suppose
believe	different	group	mention	potatoes	surprise
bicycle	difficult	guard	minute	pressure	therefore
breath	disappear	guide	natural	probably	though
breathe	early	heard	naughty	promise	although
build	earth	heart	notice	purpose	thought
busy	eight	height	occasion	quarter	through
business	eighth	history	occasionally	question	various
calendar	enough	imagine	often	recent	weight
caught	exercise	increase	opposite	regular	woman
centre	experience	important	ordinary	reign	women



Year 3: Detail	of content to be introduced (statutory requirement)			
Word	Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes [for example super-, anti-, auto-]			
	Use of the forms a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel [for example, <u>a rock</u> , <u>an</u> open box]			
	Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning [for example, solve, solution, solver, dissolve, insoluble]			
Sentence	Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions [for example, when, before, after, while, so, because], adverbs [for example, then, next, soon, therefore], or prepositions [for example, before, after, during, in, because of]			
Text	Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material			
	Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation			
	Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past [for example, He has gone out to play contrasted with He went out to play]			
Punctuation	Introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech			
Terminology	adverb, preposition conjunction			
for pupils	word family, prefix			
	clause, subordinate clause			
	direct speech			
	consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter			
	inverted commas (or 'speech marks')			



Maths

	Number
Numbe	er and Place Value
	count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number
	recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)
	compare and order numbers up to 1000
	identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
	read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words
	solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas
A 1 15.5	
Additio	on and Subtraction
	add and subtract numbers mentally, including:
	□ a three-digit number and ones
	□ a three-digit number and tens
	a three-digit number and hundreds
	add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction
	estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
	solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction
Multipl	ication and Division
	recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables
	write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods
	solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects.



<u>Fractio</u>	<u>ns</u>
	count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
	recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
	recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
	recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole
	compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators
	solve problems that involve all of the above.
	Measure Measure
	measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)
	measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes
	add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both \pounds and p in practical contexts
	tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks
	estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight
	know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year
	compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks].
	Geometry, Position and Direction
	draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them
	recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn
	identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify
	whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle
	identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.
	Statistics
	interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
	solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.



Science

	Working Scie	ntifi	ically	
Plan	Do		Record	Review
ask relevant questions	Making systematic and careful observations and		gathering, recording, classifying and present	reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and
set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests	where appropriate taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a		data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions	written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions,
begin to choose ways to try and answer a question	range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers		recording findings using simple scientific language,	making predictions for new values
put forward own ideas and make some planning decisions	carry out a fair test or pattern seeking enquiry with help		drawings, labelled diagrams, bar charts, and tables	using results to draw simple conclusions and suggest improvements, and raise
suggest ways of making the test fair or if it can't be fair how they will answer it by looking for a	compare 3 or more things use simple standard measures;		construct a simple 2 column table	further questions new questions
from a selection say what	m, cm, mm, kg, g, cm3, minutes, seconds, Newton.		draw bar charts 1:1, 1:2, 1:5 and 1:10 scale & begin to	identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific
equipment is needed	measure to the nearest whole		plot line graphs	ideas and processes
suggest the type of data needed to be collected	or half unit or mixed units.			say what they have found out and give an explanation for
make simple predictions based on everyday experience and knowledge	read scales to the nearest division labelled and unlabelled.			observations and simple patterns based on everyday experience



Science

	Plants	Forces	Animals Including Humans
	Can I identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers? Can I explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant? Can I investigate the way in which water is	 Can I compare how things move on different surfaces? Can I notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance? Can I observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others describe 	 Can I identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat? Can I identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement?
	transported within plants? Can I explore the part that flowers play in	magnets as having two poles? Can I predict whether two magnets will	Light
	the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal?	attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing?Can I compare and group together a variety	Can I recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light?
	Rocks	of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and	Can I notice that light is reflected from surfaces?
	Can I compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties? Can I describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock? Can I recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter?	identify some magnetic materials?	 Can I recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes? Can I recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by a solid object? Can I find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change
		Vocabulary	
vita		ollination, seed formation, seed dispersal, germinations, joints, rock, fossil, soil, light, dark, light source, transpoles, contact force, non-contact force	·



Progression in identification and classification

	By the End of Year Two	By the End of Year Four	By the end of Year Six		
Identifying and classifying		Gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering	Recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels,		
	compare observable and behavioural features of living things, materials and objects	questions use Carroll and Venn diagrams to help sort things and record the groupings,	classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs. Be aware of the term kingdom and know		
	sort and group in own way using both observable and behavioural features even when differences are slight	sometimes re-sorting using different criteria make simple branching data bases/	that most scientists classify things into five kingdoms.		
	answer simple yes/no questions about a mystery object they have chosen	classification keys to for a few (3-6) things with easily observable differences and that can be named	 Through direct observations where possible classify animals into vertebrates and invertebrates. 		
	sort into two groups in which one group has a feature and the other doesn't	 use simple classification keys/ branching data bases to identify unknown items that have easily observable differences in their 	 make keys and branching databases with 4 or more items 		
	once they have decided sorting criteria explain where further additional items could be placed	features Carry out simple tests and sort and group	 evaluate how well keys and databases work and make changes to improve them 		
	use simple Venn diagrams to help sort things and record the groupings	based on the evidence of the results found.	 explain why it is important to classify and why it is useful to scientists 		
			 plan what to test, how to test and collect evidence in order to classify 		



Art

Drawing	Painting	Use of IT	Sketch books
Can I use shading to show light, dark and shadow? Can I use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture? Can I use layers of two or more colours? Can I experiment with various pencils? Can I draw from observation and imagination? Can I create initial sketches for paintings? Can I explain how pattern can be used to create texture?	Can I begin to use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines? Can I begin to mix colours effectively? Can I use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail? Can I make tints of one colour by adding white? Can I darken or lighten colours without using black or white? Can I explore a variety of media to create colour (paint, crayon, coloured pencil, textiles, ink, pastels etc)?	Can I use the printed images I take with a digital camera and combine them with other media to produce art work? Can I use the web to research an artist or style of art? Can I collect information, sketches and resources (IT). Can I experiment with colours and textures by making an appropriate choice of special effects and simple filters to manipulate and create images for a particular purpose?	Can I develop ideas from starting points? Can I begin to annotate sketches with simple explanations of ideas?
Textiles	Collage	Printing	Knowledge
Can I use weaving to create a pattern? Can I stitch materials? Can I add materials to provide	Can I overlap materials? Can I experiment using different colours? Can I use different textured papers	Can I make printing blocks (e.g., from coiled string glued to a block)? Can I make repeating patterns?	Can I begin to explore work from other cultures? Can I begin to replicate some of the techniques used by notable artists, artisans and
interesting detail?	to form a collaged image? Can I experiment with a range of collage techniques such as tearing, overlapping and layering to create collaged images?	Can I consider the background used for my print? Can I understand the difference between repeat printing and mono printing?	designers Henri Matisse and Hokusai? Can I comment on artworks using some visual language?
interesting detail?	Can I experiment with a range of collage techniques such as tearing, overlapping and layering	used for my print? Can I understand the difference between repeat printing and mono printing?	designers Henri Matisse and Hokusai? Can I comment on artworks



Computing

Companing			
Functional Skills (used throughout all areas of Computing)	Computer Science	Digital Literacy	Information Technology
 Can I use more than one hand to enter text, using the keyboard? Can I use cut, copy and paste 	 Can I sequence a list of commands/blocks to produce an output e.g. a light comes on or a robot follows a 	□ Can I identify and use keywords for effective Internet searches? □ Can I independently share	 Can I format text to indicate relative importance, including bold, italic, underline and strikethrough?
tools by right clicking or using the edit toolbar?	defined route? □ Can I use 'repeat' and 'repeat	suitable pictures and work on an online platform?	 Can I select and use appropriate editing tools in an
 Can I save work effectively navigating a folder system e.g. Shared Drive, iPad camera roll, Google Drive or OneDrive? 	until' loops when appropriate. Can I use simple conditional statements (if and when commands) and understands the importance of time within a	 Can I independently use a suitable search engine to search for information to answer questions? Can I enter data into a 	 image-editing package for a specific purpose? Can I sequence still images, video, audio clips and text to create a video presentation?
 When using a mouse or trackpad, can I use left/right/double click and 	program (e.g. using wait), with support? Can I make use of an input	computer simulation, change data and observe changes in results?	Can I locate, record, save and retrieve sounds in multimedia software?
scroll?	 'event' within a simple program e.g. when the start button is clicked? Can I find errors in a simple program, and successfully debug to make the program work. 	Can I be aware of the consequences of my online actions and be able to explain the importance of balancing game and screen time with other parts of my life?	 Can I use data loggers to collect snapshot information and use information from a given source? Can I enter data into a graphing package and use it to create a range of graphs?
	Vocal	oulary	
Account, cyberbullying, download, pa	ssword, personal information, private, pu	ıblic, safe search, search engine, trusted	adult, web browser, SMART = Safe,

Account, cyberbullying, download, password, personal information, private, public, safe search, search engine, trusted adult, web browser, SMART = Safe, meet, accept, reliable, tell, algorithm, instructions, program, code, block, sequence, select, event, predict, explain, bug, debug, input, output, repetition loop, sprite, stage, backdrop, image, select, copy, paste, text box, font, search engine, PowerPoint, animation, transition, relevant, slide, sound, slide, text, box, sound, animation, transition, relevant



Design and Technology

Designing	Making	Evaluating	Food and Nutrition
Can I generate ideas for an item, considering its purpose and the user/s with growing confidence? Can I start to order the main	 Can I select a wider range of tools and techniques for making my product, including: construction materials, textiles, 	Can I start to evaluate my product against original design criteria e.g. how well it meets its intended	Can I understand that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as
stages of making a product?	food ingredients?	purpose?	pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK,
Can I identify a purpose and establish criteria for a successful product?	 Can I explain my choice of tools and equipment in relation to the skills and techniques I will be 	Can I begin to disassemble and evaluate familiar products and consider the	Europe and the wider world? Can I understand how to prepare and cook a savoury dish safely
Can I understand how well products have been designed, made, what materials have been used and the construction technique?	using? Can I measure, mark out, cut, score and assemble components with more	views of others to improve them?	and hygienically? Can I begin to understand how to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping,
Can I learn about inventors, designers, engineers, chefs and manufacturers who have developed ground-breaking products?	accuracy?Can I start to work safely and accurately with a range of simple tools?		slicing, grating, mixing, spreading? Can I start to understand that a healthy diet is made up from
Can I start to understand whether products can be recycled or reused?	 Can I start to think about their ideas as they make progress and 		a variety and balance of different food and drink, as
Can I know to make drawings with labels when designing?	be willing to change things if this helps me to improve my work?		depicted in 'The Eat well plate'?
Can I explain my choice of materials and components including function and aesthetics when planning?	☐ Can I start to measure, tape or pin, cut and join fabric with some accuracy?		Can I begin to know that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body?
	Wasalaala		

Vocabulary

Generate ideas, purpose, product, criteria, design, make, technique, inventors, designers, engineers, drawings, labels, function, aesthetics
Tools, materials, techniques, ingredients, equipment, measure, mark out, score, assemble, safe, accurate, measure, tape, pin, cut, join
Criteria, evaluate, improve, grow, rear, caught, prepare, savoury, hygienically, peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing, spreading, eat well plate, balance, active, healthy, energy



Geography

	Location Knowledge	Places Knowledge		Human and Physical		Geographical Skills and
				Geography		Fieldwork
	Can I name and locate Cheshire and Chester on a map of the U.K.? Can I identifying geographical regions of the U.K and their human and physical characteristics? Can I identify key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time?			Can I identify and describe the human and physical geography of the U.K including rivers, mountains, climate and coasts? Can I identify the importance of water to settlements? Can I describe the settlements and land use of the key places that I study?		Can I use eight points of a compass to build knowledge of the U.K.? Can I use OS maps atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate counties, countries and describe features studied? Can I use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies?
		Vocal	oula	rv		
Ches	ster, Cheshire, Staffordshire, Derbys	shire, Clwyd, Shropshire, Greater Manch		•		
	ographical, land use	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Can I	9 .	and physical geography of the U.K inclu	uding	rivers, mountains, climate and coa	sts?C	an I identify the importance of
Can I	I describe the settlements and land	d use of the key places that I study?				



Countries of Europe, fieldwork, grid reference, aerial photograph, atlas, sketch maps, digital mapping

History

Chronological Understanding	Knowledge and Interpretation	Historical Enquiry
 Can I describe events and periods using the words: BC, AD and decade? Can I describe events from the past using dates when things happened? Can I use a timeline within a specific time in history to set out the order things may have happened? Can I use my mathematical knowledge to work out how long ago events in recent and local history would have happened? 	 Can I appreciate that the early Brits would not have communicated as we do or have eaten as we do? Can I begin to picture what life would have been like for the early settlers? Can I suggest why certain events happened as they did in history? Can I identify the achievements of the four earliest civilisations? Can I describe the significant achievements of Ancient Egypt e.g. irrigation, pyramids and common themes e.g. early writing. 	 Can I recognise the part that archaeologists have had in helping us understand more about what happened in the past? Can I use various sources of evidence to answer questions? Can they research a specific event from the past to then write about this? Can I use various sources to piece together information about a period in history?
	Vocabulary	
Timeline, Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic, Ancient Millennium, thousands of years, Iron Age, Bronze Age, Stone Age, Neolithic, alloy, bo Britons, hunter gatherer, nomad, nomadic, gods, god Stonehenge, hill fort, Celt, Skara Brae, spirits, Egypt, Egyptians, Nile, irrigation, pyramid, Pharaoh, Ancient Sumer, The Indus Valley, The Shang Dynasty Impact, importance, significant, legacy, archaeology, First hand evidence, second hand evidence, May be, perhaps, continuity, this suggest could be	Egypt, one marrow, earthwork, sacrifice, tribe, iron, bronze ddesses, Fertile, Tutankhamun, The Nile , effects, sources	



Modern Foreign Languages (MFL)

Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing
Understand a few familiar spoken	Say and repeat single words and	Can recognise and read out a few	Can write or copy simple words
words and phrases including:	short simple phrases including:	familiar words and phrases	or symbols correctly including:
		including:	
 The teacher's instructions 	☐ Greetings and goodbyes		Greetings and goodbyes
Greetings and goodbyes	☐ How are you?	☐ Greetings and goodbyes	☐ How are you?
☐ How are you?	☐ What's your name?	☐ How are you?	☐ What's your name?
☐ What's your name?	□ Alphabet	□ What's your name?	□ Alphabet
□ Alphabet	☐ My family	□ Alphabet	☐ My family
☐ My family	□ Numbers 0-12	□ My family	□ Numbers 0-12
□ Numbers 0-12	☐ How old are you?	□ Numbers 0-12	☐ How old are you?
☐ How old are you?	☐ Brothers and sisters	☐ How old are you?	☐ Brothers and sisters
Brothers and sisters	☐ Do you have a pet?	☐ Brothers and sisters	□ Do you have a pet?
□ Do you have a pet?	□ Colours	□ Do you have a pet?	□ Colours
□ Colours		□ Colours	
	Vocal	bulary	
Sault, au revoir, ca va, comment t'a	ppelles-tu? Ma famille, les nombres	, quel age as-tu? Les coleurs	

Music

Singing	Performing	Composing	Listening and Appraising
□ Can I sing in unison, becoming aware of pitch?	Can I perform simple rhythmic and musical parts, beginning to vary the pitch with a small range of notes?	 Can I create simple rhythmical patterns that use a small range of notes? Can I begin to join simple layers of sound, e.g. A background rhythm and a solo melody? Can I comment on the effectiveness of own work, identifying and making improvements? Can I begin to recognise simple notations to represent music, including pitch and volume? 	 Can I explore and comment on the ways sounds can be used expressively? Can I listen with attention and begin to recall sounds? Can I begin to understand how different musical elements are combined and used to create an effect? Can I listen to and begin to respond to music drawn from different traditions and great composers and musicians?
	Vocak	oulary	
	orus, improvise, compose, pulse, rhythm ar, organ, backing vocals, hook, riff, mel		



Physical Educaiton (PE)

	Health and Fitness	Acquiring and Developing		Evaluating and Improving	Dance
	Can I explain why it is important to warm-up and cool-down? Can I identify some muscle groups used in gymnastic activities?	 Can I select and use the most appropriate skills, actions or ideas? Can I move and use actions with coordination and control? Can I make up my own small-sided game? 		With help, can I recognise how performances could be improved? Can I explain how my work is similar and different from that of others? Can I use my comparison to improve my work?	Can I improvise freely, translating ideas from a stimulus into movement? Can I share and create phrases with a partner and in small groups? Can I repeat, remember and perform these phrases in a dance? Can I use dance to communicate an idea?
	Games	Gymnastics		Athletics	Swimming
	Can I throw and catch with control when under limited pressure, with one hand and with accuracy? Can I know and use rules fairly? Can I keep possession with some success when using equipment that is not used for throwing and catching skills? Can I show an awareness of space & use it to support teammates and cause problems for the opposition? Can I move to find a space when I am not in possession during a game?	 Can I use a greater number of my own ideas for movement in response to a task? Can I explain how strength and suppleness affect performances? Can I compare and contrast gymnastic sequences, commenting on similarities and differences? Can I adapt sequences to suit different types of apparatus and their partner's ability? Can I work in a controlled way? Can I work with a partner to create, repeat and improve a sequence with at least three phases? 		Can I run at fast, medium and slow speeds, changing speed and direction? Can I make up and repeat a short sequence of linked jumps? Can I take part in a relay activity, remembering when to run and what to do? Can I link running and jumping activities with some fluency, control and consistency? Can I throw a variety of objects, changing my action for accuracy and distance? Can I run over a long distance?	Can I swim between 25 and 50metres unaided? Can I keep swimming for 30 to 45 seconds, using swimming aids and support? Can I use a variety of basic arm and leg actions when on my front and on my back? Can I swim on the surface and lower myself under water? Can I take part in group problem-solving activities on personal survival? Can I recognise how my body reacts and feels when swimming? Can I recognise and concentrate on what I need to improve?
		Outdoor Adven	tur	ous Activities	- 1.000 top. 0.00
	 Can I follow a map in a familiar conte Can I move from one location to ar Can I use clues to follow a route? Can I follow a route safely? 	xt? nother following a map?			
		Vocal	bul	ary	
Gy Da At	ymnastics: Adapt sequences, apparatus, criteri ance: Changing speed and direction, share and chletics: Change speed and direction, underarr	ce, support, opposition, strike and field, accuracy, a, strength, suppleness, performance, compare and create, phrases, plan, repeat, remember and perm, overarm, throwing, technique, distance, sprint, apriate equipment, safely, familiar context, managements, coordinate breathing, surface	nd co form accu	ontrast, sequences, stamina, improve. n, phrases, communicate. rracy, personal best.	



Personal, Social, Health, Citizenship Educaiton (PSHCE)

	Families and Relationships	He	ealth and Wellbeing	Safety and the Changing Body
	To recap what the subject of PSHE is and how we can help everyone to learn in these lessons. To understand that families love and support each other but sometimes problems can occur and help is available if needed. To understand that friendships have ups and downs and that problems can be resolved. To begin to understand the impact of bullying. To listen and communicate effectively. To understand why trust is an important part of positive relationships. To begin to understand the differences between people and why it is important to respect these differences. To recognise that stereotypes are present in everyday life. To recognise that stereotypes exist based on a number of factors.	healt activi To per stretc To un my id To ide begin other To bre achiev To re	derstand the different aspects of entity. entify my own strengths and to see how they can affect	 To understand the role I can take in an emergency situation. To understand how to help if someone has been stung or bitten. To understand the importance of being kind online and what this looks like. To understand that cyberbullying involves being unkind online. To understand that not all emails are genuine. To understand the choices people can make and those which are made by others. To begin to recognise who and what can influence our decisions. Knowing how we can make sure we are making the right decision for ourselves. To develop an understanding of safety on or near roads.
	Economic Wellbeing			Citizenship
	To understand the different ways to pay for things and wh might choose them. To understand how to put together a budget. To recognise that money has an impact on how we feel. To begin to recognise how ethics can influence our spend To understand that there are a range of jobs available and what job they might want to do. To understand that there are stereotypes in the workp should not limit people's career aspirations.	ing decision to think abo	To understand the resp children benefit from the To understand the envious. To understand the grounderstand that chathem. To begin to understand why we rules at school and home	nd the UN convention on the rights of the child. consibilities of both children and adults to help all heir rights. ironmental benefits of recycling. ups which make up the community. arities care for others and how people can support and how democracy works in the local area. we have rules and the consequences of breaking
		1	/ocabulary	
Love	e, healthy, emotions, secrets, private, safe, secrets, suppo	rt. kind. unk	rind, family, uncomfortable, strate	egv



Religious Education (RE)

Sikhism	Hinduism		Islam	Judaism
	 □ Can I describe some aspects of the different characteristics of Hindu gods and goddesses and the key belief of one God represented through many different images and form? □ Can I explain how Hindus celebrate Diwali? 	□ C	an I explain the importance If the Qur'an for Muslims? I explain how Muslims I explain how Muslims I explain a Mosque and in day- I day lives?	
S	kills		Christ	ianity
festivals, worship, rituals and meanings behind them? Can I give thoughtful respon Can I consider an aspect of similarities to other religion Can I understand the commit different faith followers?	ment and dedication needed for amples of key leaders in stories from		Bible and can demonstrate how Can I explain how Christians us is in many languages around the Can I use Biblical references and how people viewed hims Can I explain some symbols as	se the Bible for guidance and how it he world? to support discussions about Jesus? sociated with Jesus? ham?
	Vocal	oulary		
Parables, prodigal son, Islam: Angels, Mosque, Ummah, Imar	aster, resurrection, salvation, parable, San	naritan,	God, symbols, creation, stewards	· •



Sex and Relationship Education (SRE)

SRE		munication Development by the end of Year 4)		Personal Development (by the end of Year 4)
Can I explore the differences between males and females and name the body parts?	To listen carefully and understand	 Engage in discussions, making relevant points. Ask for specific additional information to clarify. 	To Try New Things	 Try new things when encouraged. Enjoy new experiences. Join clubs or groups. Talk about new experiences with others.
Can I know some differences and similarities between males and females?		 Understand the meaning of some phrases beyond the literal interpretation. 	To Work Hard	 Enjoy working hard in a range of activities. Reflect on how effort leads to success. Begin to encourage others to work hard
Can I name male and female body parts using agreed words?	To develop a wide and interesting vocabulary	 Use time, size and other measurements to quantify. Use interesting adjectives, adverbial phrases and extended noun phrases in 	To Concentrate	 Focus on activities. 'Tune out' some distractions. Search for methods to help with concentration. Develop areas of deep interest.
Can I consider touch and know that a person has the right to say what they like and dislike?	vocabulary	 discussion. Use vocabulary that is appropriate to the topic being discussed or the audience that is listening. 	To Push Oneself	 Begin to understand why some activities feel uncomfortable. Show a willingness to overcome fears. Push past fears and reflect upon the emotions felt
Can I identify different types of touch that people like and do not like? Can I understand personal space?	To speak with clarity	 Use verbs with irregular endings. Use a mixture of sentence lengths to add interest to discussions and explanations. Use intonation to emphasise grammar and punctuation when reading aloud. 		 afterwards. Begin to take encouragement and advice from others. Keep trying after a first attempt.
Can I talk about ways of dealing with unwanted touch?	To tell stories with structure	 Bring stories to life with expression and intonation. Read the audience to know when to add detail and when to leave it out. 	To Imagine	 Begin to enjoy having new ideas. Show some enthusiasm for the ideas of others. Ask some questions in order to develop ideas. Show enjoyment in trying out some ideas.
Can I explore different types of families and who to go to for help and support?			To Improve	 Share with others a number of positive features of own efforts. Identify a few areas for improvement. Attempt to make improvements
Can I understand that all families are different and have different family members?	To hold conversation s and	 Make relevant comments or ask questions in a discussion or a debate. Seek clarification by actively seeking to 	To Understand Others	 Listen to others, showing attention. Think of the effect of behaviour on others before acting. Describe the points of view of others.
Can I identify who to go to for help and support?	debates	 understand others' points of view. Respectfully challenge opinions or points, offering an alternative. 	To Not Give Up	 Find alternative ways if the first attempt does not work. Bounce back after a disappointment or failure. Show the ability to stick at an activity (or a club or interest). See oneself as lucky.



Christleton 21

In pursuit of both excellence and equity, Christleton Primary School is committed to providing all children with experiences that underpin and expand on their in-class education, increasing their range of skills and knowledge and giving them a richer tapestry on which to build.

Build a den	Plant it, grow it, eat it	Cook on fire
Learn the cookery basics	Paddle in the sea	Learn basic first aid
Learn to swim and be safe on water	Learn to ride a bike and be safe on the road	Learn to play a musical instrument
Do something for charity	Perform on stage	Try food from a different country
Build a sandcastle	Get a postcard from school	Have a responsibility
Create a piece of art from nature	Visit a museum	See a play in a theatre
Go on an overnight school trip	Visit an art gallery	Learn from failure



No Outsiders

The No Outsiders programme helps the school to teach the Equality Act.

Learning Intentions

To promote diversity

Key texts used

Oliver Bircilla Sir	House MICHAEL SOCIETY FOR GERTAN	MONSTERS David Mickee	The MARY in	Alexis Deacon BEEGU
Oliver	This is our house	Two Monsters	The Hueys in the New Jumper	Beegu

British Values

Autumn Term	Autumn Term Spring Term	
Rule of Law		Individual Liberty
Mutual Resect	Mutual Resect	



Learning Powers

Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	
Managing Distractions	Imagining	Perseverance	
(Resilience Muscle)	(Resourceful Muscle)	(Resilience Muscle)	
Reasoning	Meta-Learning	Empathy and Listening	
(Resourceful Muscle)	(Reflective Muscle)	(Reciprocal Muscle)	

Residential Visits and Trips

Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Animal visit	Imagine That	Beach



Kagan Structures

Kagan structures are taught throughout the school. The aim of including Kagan structures within the curriculum is to increase academic achievement, improve relations, enhance self-esteem, create a more harmonious classroom climate, reduce discipline problems, and develop students' social skills and character virtues

Previously taught strategies

Rally Robin	Stand up-Hand up-Pair up	Quiz-Quiz-Trade	Timed Pair Share
Talking Chips	Simultaneous Round Table		

Cooperative strategies introduced and mastered in this year group

Write Round Robin	Jigsaw
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Whole School Events

Autumn Term		Spring Term		Summer Term	
International day of democracy	Bonfire night (Fire safety)	National Handwriting Day	Shrove Tuesday	Health week	Pride Month
National Poetry Day	Anti-Bullying Week	Big Garden Birdwatch	World Book Day	Walk to School Week	
Harvest Festival	Remembrance Day	Story Telling Week	Mother's Day	Outdoor Classroom Day	
	Christmas Jumper Day	Safer Internet Day	Good Friday		
	Christmas Performances / Service		Easter Service		

Charity Events

Autumn Term		Spring	g Term	Summe	er Term
McMillan Coffee morning	Children in Need			Race for Life	
				Den Day	

